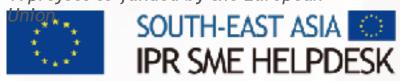
A project co-funded by the European





# Waiting for the Organiser...



# The webinar will begin shortly!







# Halal Food and Beverage Industry in Malaysia

Succeed in SE-Asia's 2.0 Markets

South-East Asia IPR SME Helpdesk

EU-Malaysia Chamber of Commerce and Industry (EUMCCI)

Ms. Norhariti Jalil, Vice President of Halal Industry
Development Corporation (HDC)
Mr. Philippe Girard-Foley, South-East Asia Helpdesk IP Expert

### **Welcome to the Webinar!**



Marianne Karu **Project Officer** 

South-East Asia IPR SME Helpdesk

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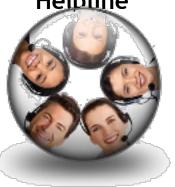




### **Snapshot: Helpdesk Free Services**







E-learning & Business Tools



#### Website www.ipr-hub.eu Blog www.youripinsider.eu

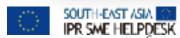


IP Guides & Newsletters



Training Workshops & Live Webinars







#### Welcome to the Webinar!



Lars Venslauskas **Business Support Executive** 

Project: **SEBSEAM-M** Support for European Business in South East Asia Markets – Malaysia

> Lead Applicant: **EUMCCI** EU-Malaysia Chamber of Commerce and Industry



#### **EUMCCI** in Brief

#### **Business Support for EU Companies**









146 Members

1300 Network

16 Countries

**Network Provider** 



10 Committees

90 Companies

**75**Meetings

**Industry Advocate** 



30 Events

**1517** Participants

880 On Conference

**Event Platform** 

### **SEBSEAM-M: Project Description**



Increase trade and investment flows between the European Union (EU) and Malaysia as a gateway to ASEAN, mainly focused on EU SME's



**Component 1:** Attracting EU businesses into the region and supporting them in their market entry activities (Business Support



**Component 2:** Increasing EU Business' leverage towards ASEAN Governments (Advocacy)

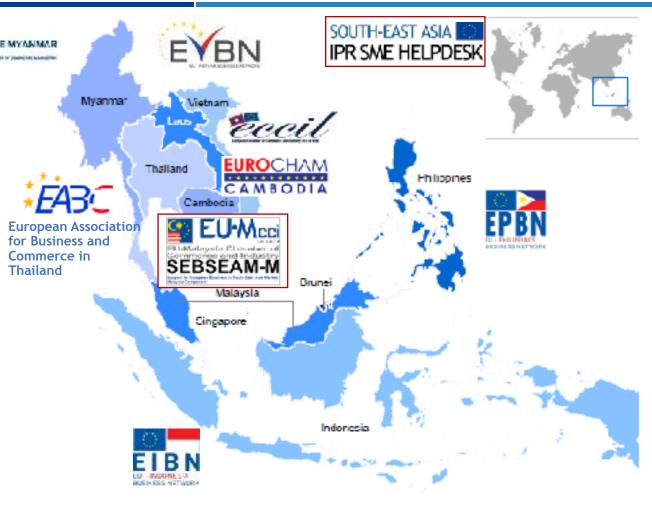


### **EU-ASEAN Business Network**

 8 ASEAN countries involved (excluding Singapore & Brunei)

#### Joint activities

- Business Seminars& Webinars
- Newsletters
- Events in EU and ASEAN







#### **Business Support Service - Trade Mission F&B**







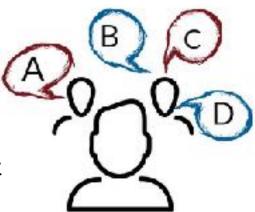


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# **POLL QUESTION #1**

# How experienced are you in relation to Malaysian business landscape?

- a) We do not have business interest in Malaysia yet
- b) We are still deciding on entering Malaysian market
- c) We plan on entering Malaysian market
- d) We are remotely evolved in Malaysian market
- e) We are actively engaged in the Malaysian market





# I Speaker's bio

Name: Norhatiri Jalil

Firm: Halal Industry Development Corporation

Location: Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Norhariti Jalil is the Vice President, Halal Integrity for the Halal Industry Development Corporation ("HDC"). Strategically, she plans and executes initiatives under the Halal Industry Master Plan ("HIMP") to strengthen Halal Integrity capability and gaps across the Halal sectors. These initiatives are in areas of talent development, knowledge and best practices, advisory and consultancy, technology innovation, and support services for the development of Halal industry.

She has over 11 years involvement in Top and Senior Management capacities. Her capabilities include development planning for industries and businesses in meeting the objectives of growth and transformation, policy, strategies, institutional framework and governance, at the industry and enterprise levels. She has initiated and managed programmes and projects in both public and private environments across multiple sectors. She has also served big 4 Accounting Firms locally and abroad.





Halal Industry
Development Corporation

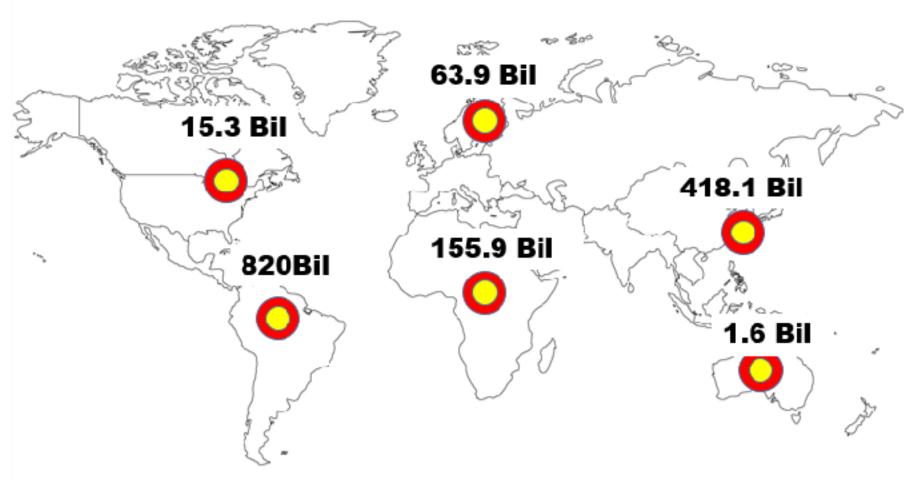
# Special Focus: Malaysia Halal Food & Beverage Industry

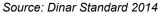
Presenter: Norhariti Jalil, Vice President 1st December 2016





### **VALUE OF HALAL MARKETS**





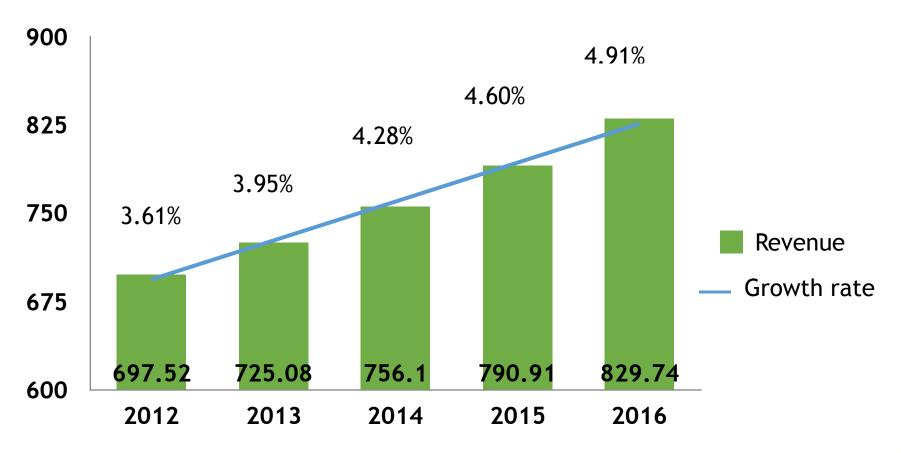




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### **GLOBAL HALAL FOOD MARKET 2012-2016** (US\$ BILLION)





Source: Technavio Insights (Global Halal Food Market 2012-2016)







### **GLOBAL HALAL FOOD MARKET** - KEY GEOGRAPHIES

KEY GEOGRAPHIES (%) 2012		KEY GEOGRAPHIES (%) 2016		REVENUE CAGR (%) (2012-2016)	
Americas	2.36	Americas	2.11	Americas	1.55
Europe	9.77	Europe	8.78	Europe	1.68
MEA	29.61	MEA	28.19	MEA	3.16
APAC	58.26	APAC	60.92	APAC	5.61

Source: Technavio Insights (Global Halal Food Market 2012-2016)





# HDC

# HALAL FOOD SECTOR LANDSCAPE AND OPPORTUNITIES

- Leading standardisation bodies are taking steps to harmonise Halal Standards within region (such as ASEAN, OIC/SMIIC);
- Online technologies enable global market access to be a viable reality even for small start-ups;
- Development of tracking technology to verify supply-chain integrity (such a device called e-seal developed by Brazillian Meat Exporting Industries Association (ABIEC));
  - Acceptance of Halal Food to be the global standard for safe, wholesome, humane food if producers fully adhered to the concept of Halal and Tayyib;
    - Investment opportunities in Halal food value chain integration.

Source: State Of The Global Islamic Economy Report 2015/16









#### MALAYSIA PERSPECTIVE - HALAL INDUSTRY MASTER PLAN 2008

#### **Objectives**

- 1. Malaysia as the global reference centre for Halal integrity know-how; and
- Malaysia as the global leader in the innovation, production and trade of a number of halal-related sectors

#### A New Source of Economic Growth Strategies Key industries that Cosmetics Services -Pharma-Specialty Malaysia needs to grow logistics, and in order to create Ingredients Livestock ceutical Process Tourism. Personal. economic impact ed Food Healthcare Care Centre of Excellence Global reference centre for Halal Integrity in which Malaysia will (Standards, Certification, Training, etc.) be a global 'hub" Legislation and regulatory Physical infrastructure and Human capital framework connectivity Key enablers to be strengthened Industry standards and Public sector delivery system Funding and incentives certification Source: HDC Strategic Retreat 2014, Halal Industry Masterplan, April 2008 (revised 2014)

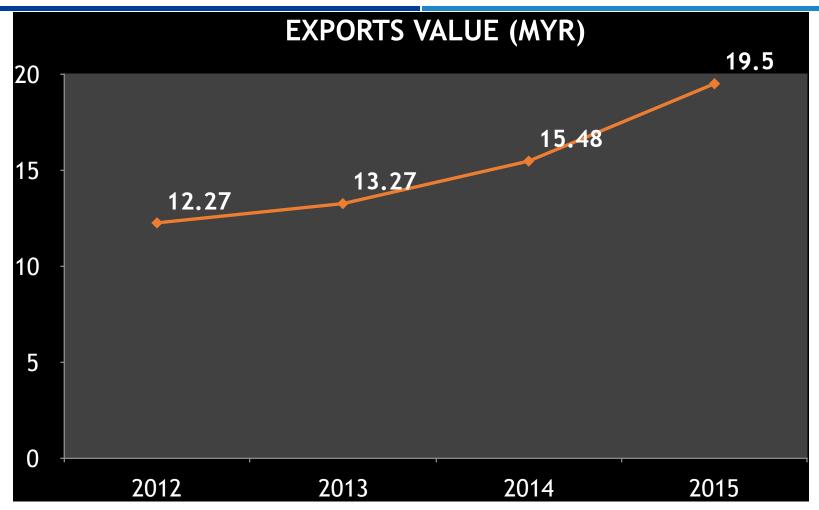






# HDC'

# MALAYSIA EXPORTS VALUE ON HALAL (FOODS & BEVERAGES)



Source: HDC Data Warehouse









# **TOP 10 EXPORTS DESTINATION (2015)**

COUNTRY	MYR
China	4.8 Bil
United State	3.9 Bil
Indonesia	2.9 Bil
Singapore	2.5 Bil
Japan	2.2 Bil
Thailand	1.8 Bil
Australia	1.7 Bil
Philippines	1.6 Bil
Netherlands	1.4 Bil
India	1.4 Bil

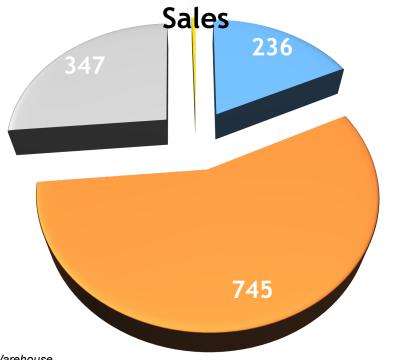
Source: HDC Data Warehouse





### 1,334 HALAL CERTIFIED EXPORTING **COMPANIES (2015)**





**SMALL MEDIUM** MNC UNSPECIFIED

Source: HDC Data Warehouse

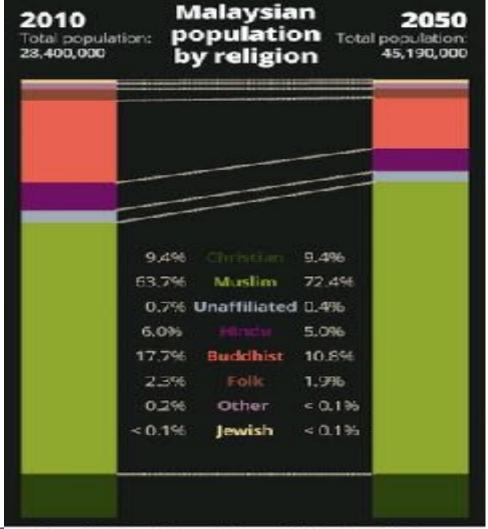








# Malaysian Population By Religion



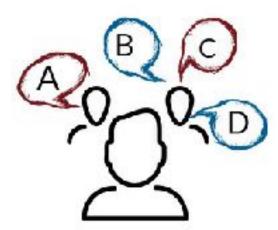




# **POLL QUESTION #2**

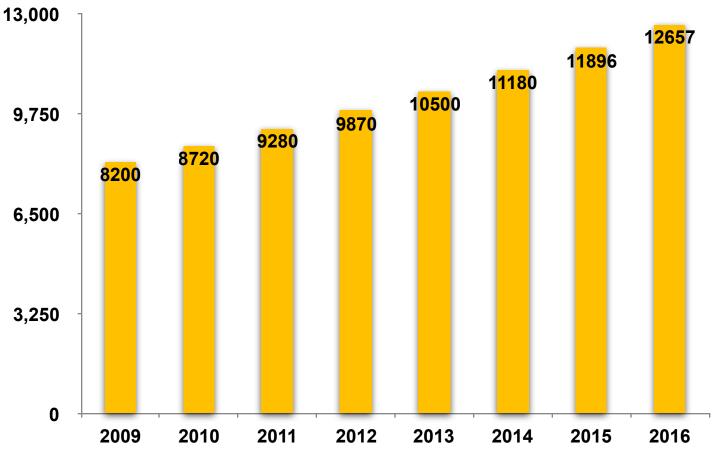
#### What is the nature of your business?

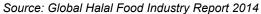
- a) Food Manufacturer
- b) Beverage Manufacturer
- c) F&B Manufacturer
- d) Distributor (Import/ Export)
- e) Association with F&B industry related members





### MALAYSIA HALAL FOOD CONSUMPTION (USD MILLION)





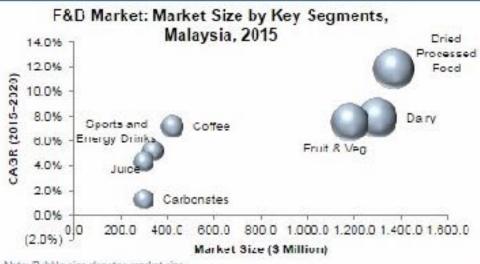




#### HDC

#### Malaysia Food and Beverage Market

The food and beverage market in Malaysia is developed and is supplied by both imported and local products.



#### F&B Market: Key Participants, Malaysia, 2015

Nestlé SA

Lam Soon Group

Fraser & Neave Ltd

Royal Friesland Campina NV

Padiberas Nasional Bhd (BERNAS)

Note: Bubble size denotes market size.

- Hypermarkets and supermarkets are the dominant formats in urban regions. Traditional retail formats, although losing ground, still form an important part of the retail chain with the majority of fresh produce being sold through these formats.
- Urried processed food is a dominant segment in the F&B market and is estimated to lead the group due to increased stress on convenience food intake.
- Demand for functional and healthy food is increasing as consumer awareness regarding food nutrition and fortification has increased.
- Food processing is considered a priority sector to improve exports and to drive industrial development. Malaysis is also
  increasingly becoming a hub for Halal food in terms of the certification and marketing of these products, which has a
  global market of around \$550 billion.

Source: IMF: Frost & Sullivan

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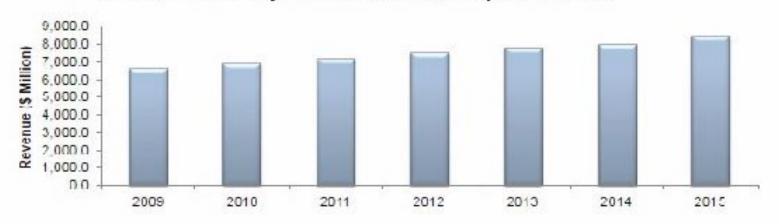


#### Malaysia Mega Trends—Globalisation (continued)

Urbanisation and an increasing number of women in the workforce are driving the growth of the food service sector.

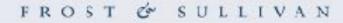
- As lifestyles become increasingly fast-paced and demand for food becomes increasingly varied. Malay consumers are turning towards the food service sector to provide 'quick-fix' meal solutions.
- The growth of the food service industry is driven largely by the unorganised sector such as street kiosks and hawkers who sell typically Malay-flavoured food that caters to the highly diverse ethnic Malay population.
- The fast food sector is another growth area and is dominated by Kentucky Fried Chicken (KFC). which holds over 50% of the market share due to its highly localised product portfolio.

#### Food Service Industry: Historical Revenue, Malaysia, 2009-2015



Source: Frost & Sullivan

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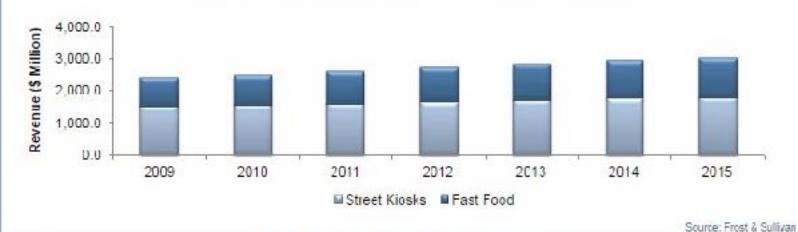


#### Malaysia Mega Trends—Gen-Y

Changing social cynamics and an increased culture of socialising for business and pleasure are driving demand for fast food.

- As Gen-Y becomes increasingly Westernised, the focus on socialising and networking in order to be successful is growing.
- Food and drink are considered basic requirements in this form of socialising, which typically involves out-of-home consumption of fast food or Westernised food, which is seen as a sign of international exposure.
- Among students, the self-service kiosks and street vendors that are open 24/7 are major areas of gathering due to their low costs and long opening hours, which provide a popular area for post-party get-togethers. The rising consumption of both local and international tast tood is apparent by the growth rate of these industries.

#### F&D Market: Fast Food Historical Revenue, Malaysia, 2009-2015



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32









Halal Industry Development Corporation (HDC) 5.02, Level 5, KPMG Tower, First Avenue, Persiaran Bandar Utama, 47800 Petaling Java, Selanger DarulEbsan

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+603 7965 5400 (outside Malaysia)

# Thank you

www.hdcglobal.com

# II Speaker's bio

Name: Philippe Girard-Foley

Firm: GIRARD-FOLEY & Associates

Location: Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Email: philippe@girard-foley.asia



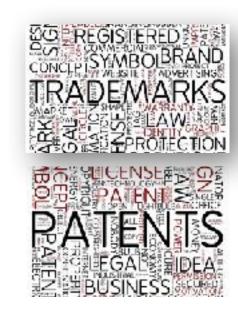
Over a continuous presence of more than 25 years, Philippe Girard-Foley has helped many European companies protect and defend their IP rights and establish a successful business in Asia, through direct investment, partnership, distributorship, agency, franchising or otherwise. He is a regular speaker at events focusing on ASEAN matters, and has authored several publications on ASEAN IP laws including the chapters on Malaysia, Indonesia and Vietnam of 'Intellectual Property Rights - Acquisition, Scope and Enforcement' for the EU program Asia Invest.

Philippe Girard-Foley has received both a civil law and common law education (Paris Sorbonne, Paris Institute of Political Sciences 'Sciences Po', University of Pennsylvania Law School, CIArb London) and is a member of the Paris Bar from France as well as an associate member of the Victoria Law Institute from Australia. Philippe joined South East Asia IPR SME Helpdesk network in 2013.

### IP AND HALAL – A MALAYSIAN PERSPECTIVE

From an intellectual property point of view, "Halal" is first and foremost a qualification i.e. a guarantee that a product presented as such meets the requirements set forth by islamic law.

- Halal, as a word or embodied in a logo, is then regarded as a trademark, more precisely a certification mark, a sub-category of collective marks.
- The halal quality of foodstuff can also be protected through a patent such as one relating to macronutrients. hydrolysis process or gelatin which meets halal requirements.





### THE INTERNATIONAL VIEW

#### FAO (Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations)

- "the halal logo is becoming a trusted quality sign for purchasing agrifood products that are certified as lawful under Islamic law" (A practical manual for producers and exporters from Asia)
- > "Halal certificates" are granted by approved Islamic centres to facilities that are inspected, registered, and supervised by certified inspectors (id.).







### **CODEX ALIMENTARIUS I**

The Codex Alimentarius - joint programme of the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) and World Health Organization (WHO) to develop food standards has issued "General Guidelines" on food labelling with regard to the use of the word Halal in trade marks, brand names and business names.

#### The Guidelines state:

- they are subject to the interpretation of the importing countries however, the certificates granted by the religious authority of the exporting country should be accepted by the importing country
- they apply to the use of the term halal and equivalent terms in claims as defined in the Codex General Standard for the Labelling of Prepackaged Foods



#### **CODEX ALIMENTARIUS II**

The **General Guidelines** define "Halal Food" as "food permitted under the Islamic laws" and which fulfill certain conditions listed in the document, provided that the Codex Alimentarius Commission "accepts that there may be minor differences in opinion in the interpretation of lawful and unlawful animals and in the slaughter act, according to the different Islamic Schools of Thoughts"

**For European companies**, this means that foodstuff prepared in Europe in accordance with the rules of halal should be, in principle, eligible for export to Malaysia.

**NOTE** - Halal compliance does not mean diverting from other international standards. Halal requirements only add to the standards such as Good Hygienic Practices (GHP), Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP) and other food safety standards.

In Malaysia, Halal food must comply with general food legislation such as the Food Act 1983 (Act 281), Food Regulations 1985 and Food Hygiene Regulations 2009.



# AN INTERNATIONAL RECOGNITION OF THE LEADING ROLE OF MALAYSIA

#### FAO

"Halal requirements differ slightly from country to country, but Malaysian halal certification is increasingly becoming an international benchmark for good Islamic practice"

#### WIPO (World Intellectual Property Organization)

The only reference in WIPO to Hallal is about Malaysia and more precisely the Trade Descriptions (Use of Expression "Halal") Order, 1975.

#### CODEX ALIMENTARIUS

It is a well-known fact that the guidelines used by JAKIM, the Department of Islamic Development of Malaysia, have been relied on by the Codex Alimentarius Commission for the definition of Halal food standards. ("the Commission").



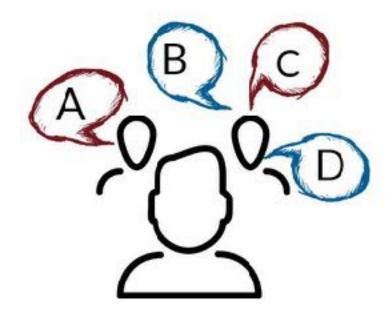
### **MALAYSIA**





### **POLL QUESTION #3**

- Have you ever claimed a Halal certification from Malaysia for your products?
- a) Yes, I have granted a certification
- b) Yes, but I was not granted a certification
- c) I am about to claim a certification
- d) No, I have not



#### THE LEGAL DEFINITION OF HALAL

Unlike many countries, Malaysia has a legal definition of Halal.

This is contained in the Trade Descriptions Order:

"When used in relation to food in any form whatsoever in the course of trade or business as or as part of, a trade description applied to the food, the expressions "Halal", "Di-tanggong Halal" or "Makanan Islam" or any other expression indicating or likely to be understood as indicating that Muslims are permitted by their religion to consume such food such expression shall have the following meaning, that is to say the food in relation to which such expression or expressions are used"—

Even though it is a Muslim country, Malaysia has established a unique distinction between the State and the religious approach to Halal: "as indicating that Muslims are permitted by their religion"

This is key to the preeminence of Malaysia as the country that sets the worldwide standard for Halal.



# STATE SUPPORT AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROCESS

For European exporters to Malaysia it is important to know that:

- JAKIM ("Committee on Evaluation of Food, Drinks and Goods utilised by Muslims") has the authority to issue Halal certification for the national and international markets and JAIN certifies Halal products and services for the domestic market.
- Neither JAKIM nor JAIN (Islamic Religious Departments) handles Halal certification for products manufactured outside Malaysia but certification may be obtained from a foreign Islamic body appointed by JAKIM according to its own specifications under the "Guidelines" (the "Guidelines on the Appointment of Foreign Islamic Organisation as Halal Certification Body for Products to be Exported to Malaysia").



### THE CERTIFICATION PROCESS I

Malaysian certification process relies on <u>religious</u> <u>authorities</u> but also on <u>governmental authorities</u>.

The procedure is set up very clearly in the "Manual Procedure for Malaysia Halal Certification (Third Revision) 2014 (MPPHM 2014)" and "Circular on Halal Certification Malaysia Number 2, 2014" which provides guidance on its enforcement.

Important to know for European companies considering their access to the Malaysian Halal market is that: there exists in a publicly available document a clear and precise definition of what is "halal" according to Malaysian standards; and





### THE CERTIFICATION PROCESS II

- they can claim the Halal certification for their products which meet the
   Halal requirements provided that they comply with the labelling
   requirements which include the name of the product, the net content in
   metric measurement, the list of ingredients, the coding number with date
   and/or production batch number and expiry date.
- also included as compulsory on the label are the <u>name and address</u> of the <u>manufacturer</u>, <u>importer</u> and/or <u>distributor</u> and its trademark and the Malaysia Halal logo.
- which means that European producers through their legal and accredited importer/distributor can legally mention their name, trademark, and affix the Malaysian Halal Logo on their products which meet the requirement of the Guidelines.

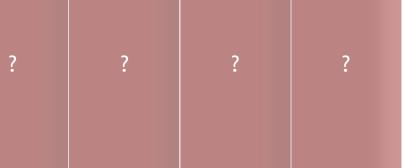
### **Q&A Session**

Please type in your questions using the question box on your screen. Indicate whether your question is addressed to:

Q & A

Ms. Norhariti Jalil, Vice President of Halal Industry Development Corporation (HDC)

Mr. Philippe Girard-Foley, South-East Asia IPR SME Helpdesk IP Expert



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The South-East Asia IPR SME Helpdesk and EU-Malaysia Chamber of Commerce and Industry provide free, confidential, business-focused advice to European Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs).

#### For any IPR related issues: For any business support: Contact <u>question@southeastasia-</u> Drop an eMail to <u>iprhelpdesk.eu</u> to learn about any Johannes@eumcci.com including your company profile and your specific aspect of intellectual property rights in Vietnam or elsewhere in South East question. Asia, including ✓ Enquiry Helpdesk free-of-charge √ Gain first insights on business √Local partners opportunities in Malaysia ✓ Due diligence ✓IP audits ✓ Complementary market reports ✓ Identify your potential in the ✓Or to simply learn about the local Malaysian market landscape and adapt your IP plan accordingly - something which can ✓ Get first hand personalized service save you EUR in the long term

